Original

United States District Court

for the

Eastern District of Wisconsin

In the Matter of the Search of)		
(Briefly describe the property to be searched or identify the person by name and address))	Case No.	20-M-444 (SCD)
INFORMATION THAT IS STORED AT PREMISES CONTROLLED BY GOOGLE	j		
CONCERNING 912 56th STREET, KENOSHA, WI)		

	INFORMATION THAT IS STORED AT PREMISES CONTROLLED BY GOOGLE CONCERNING 912 56th STREET, KENOSHA, WI	20-IVI-2	144 (SCD)
	WARRANT BY TELEPHONE OR OTH	ER RELIABLE ELECTI	RONIC MEANS
Го:	Any authorized law enforcement officer		
identif	An application by a federal law enforcement officer or an exploration following person or property located in the Easterfythe person or describe the property to be searched and give its location attachment A	rn District of	
	I find that the affidavit(s), or any recorded testimony, esta ibed above, and that such search will reveal (identify the person e attachment B	•	and seize the person or property
	YOU ARE COMMANDED to execute this warrant on o in the daytime 6:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m. ☐ at any time in Unless delayed notice is authorized below, you must give n from whom, or from whose premises, the property was tak	a copy of the warrant and a rec	cause has been established. eipt for the property taken to the
	The officer executing this warrant, or an officer present diquired by law and promptly return this warrant and inventory		nt, must prepare an inventory Stephen C. Dries
§ 270: prope	Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3103a(b), I find that immediate no 15 (except for delay of trial), and authorize the officer executive ty, will be searched or seized (check the appropriate box) for days (not to exceed 30) until, the facts justifying	otification may have an adverse ing this warrant to delay notice	
Date a	and time issued: 9-29-20 3:35 pm	Stylen C. Dri Judge	e's signature
City a	and state: Milwaukee, WI.	Honorable S	tephen C. Dries

Case 2:20-mj-00444-SCD Filed 09/29/20 Page 1 of 20 Document 1

ATTACHMENT A

Matter No. 2020R00324

Property To Be Searched

This warrant is directed to Google LLC and applies to:

- (1) Location History data, sourced from information including GPS data and information about visible wi-fi points and Bluetooth beacons transmitted from devices to Google, reflecting devices that Google calculated were or could have been (as indicated by margin of error, *i.e.*, "maps display radius") located within the geographical region bounded by the latitudinal and longitudinal coordinates, dates, and times below ("Initial Search Parameters"); and
- (2) Identifying information for Google Accounts associated with the responsive Location History data.

Initial Search Parameters

- Date: August 24, 2020
- Time Period: 12:00 AM to 12:30 AM (CST)
- Target Location: Geographical area identified as: 42.584619, -87.823304; 42.584831, -87.823357; 42.584941, -87.822442; 42.584740, -87.822414; 42.584619, -87.823304

Also approximately depicted using the following image:



ATTACHMENT B

Particular Items to Be Seized

I. Information to be disclosed by Google

The information described in Attachment A, via the following process:

- 1. Google shall query location history data based on the Initial Search Parameters specified in Attachment A. For each location point recorded within the Initial Search Parameters, and for each location point recorded outside the Initial Search Parameters where the margin of error (*i.e.*, "maps display radius") would permit the device to be located within the Initial Search Parameters, Google shall produce to the government information specifying the corresponding unique device ID, timestamp, location coordinates, display radius, and data source, if available (the "Device List").
- 2. The government shall review the Device List and identify to Google the devices about which it seeks to obtain Google account identifier and basic subscriber information. The government may, at its discretion, identify a subset of the devices.
- 3. Google shall disclose to the government identifying information, as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 2703(c)(2), for the Google Accounts associated with each device ID appearing on the Device List about which the government inquires.

II. Information to Be Seized

All information described above in Section I that constitutes evidence of violations of 18 U.S.C. § 844(i) (arson), 26 U.S.C. §§ 5861(c), 5822, 5845, and 5871 (possession of a destructive device), and 18 U.S.C. §§ 844(n) and 844(i) (conspiracy to commit arson) involving unknown persons.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Eastern District of Wisconsin

CLERK'S OFFICE
A TRUE COPY
Sep 29, 2020
s/ JeremyHeacox
s/ Jeremyneacox
Deputy Clerk, U.S. District Court
Eastern District of Wisconsin

In the Matter of the Search of	Eastern District of Wisconsin
(Briefly describe the property to be searched or identify the person by name and address) INFORMATION THAT IS STORED AT PREMISES CONTROLLED BY GOOGLE CONCERNING 912 56th STREET, KENOSHA, WI	Case No. 20-M-444 (SCD)

INFORMATION THAT IS STORED AT I)	$20^{-101-777}$
GOOGLE CONCERNING 912 56th STR		}	
APPLICATION FOR A V	VARRANT BY TELEPH	ONE OR OTHER RE	LIABLE ELECTRONIC MEANS
I, a federal law enforce penalty of perjury that I have re property to be searched and give its lo See attachment A	eason to believe that on the	y for the government, receive following person or pro	quest a search warrant and state under operty (identify the person or describe the
located in the Eastern	District of	Wisconsin	_ , there is now concealed (identify the
person or describe the property to be	seized):		
See attachment B			
evidence of a c	h under Fed. R. Crim. P. 4 crime; uits of crime, or other item		
property design	ned for use, intended for u	se, or used in committin	g a crime;
1 1 5 6	arrested or a person who is		,
The search is related to	a violation of:		
Code Section 18 U.S.C § 844(i), 26 U.S §5861(c), 5822, 5845, an 5871, 18 U.S.C § 844(n)		Offense Des lavit	scription
The application is base	ed on these facts:		
See attached affidavit			
Continued on the a	attached sheet.		
	days (give exact ending, the basis of which is set f		
		RYAN ARNO	DLD Digitally signed by RYAN ARNOLD Date: 2020.09.29 15:20:51 -05'00'
			Applicant's signature
		F	Ryan Arnold, ATF SA
			Printed name and title
Attested to by the applicant in a telephone	_	ements of Fed. R. Crim. cify reliable electronic means	•
Date: 9-29-20	-	Style	Judge's signature
Other I was MARKET AND AND			
City and state: Milwaukee, WI	<u>. </u>	Hon	orable Stephen C. Dries

Return		
Case No.:	Date and time warrant executed:	Copy of warrant and inventory left with:
Inventory made in the presence	of:	
Inventory of the property taken	and name(s) of any person(s) seized:	
	Certification	
I declare under penalty of perjury that this inventory is correct and was returned along with the original warrant to the designated judge.		
Date:	-	Executing officer's signature
		Printed name and title

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF WISCONSIN

IN THE MATTER OF THE SEARCH OF INFORMATION THAT IS STORED AT PREMISES CONTROLLED BY GOOGLE CONCERNING 912 56th STREET, KENOSHA, WI

FILED UNDER SEAL

Matter No. 2020R00324

AFFIDAVIT IN SUPPORT OF AN APPLICATION FOR A SEARCH WARRANT

I, Ryan Arnold, being first duly sworn, hereby depose and state as follows:

INTRODUCTION AND AGENT BACKGROUND

- 1. I make this affidavit in support of an application for a warrant to search information that is stored at premises controlled by Google, an electronic communication service and remote computing service provider headquartered in Mountain View, California. The information to be searched is described in the following paragraphs and in Attachment A. This affidavit is made in support of an application for a warrant under 18 U.S.C. § 2703(c)(1)(A) to require Google to disclose to the government the information further described in Attachment B.I. The government will then review that information and seize the information that is further described in Attachment B.II.
- 2. I am a Special Agent with the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives (ATF) and have been since April 2015. As an ATF Special Agent, I have participated in numerous investigations into the unlawful use of firearms, firearms trafficking, drug trafficking, and arson. Prior to my employment with ATF, I was a Special Agent with the United States Secret Service (USSS) for nearly 5 years. My duties included providing and planning dignitary protection, drafting and executing federal search warrants, investigations of organized crime networks, investigations of threats against USSS protectees, fraud networks,

counterfeit currency investigations, and other financial crime investigations. Before the Secret Service, I served as a police officer with the Chicago Police Department (CPD). During part of my career as a CPD Officer, I was assigned to the Organized Crime Division's Gang Enforcement Unit. My responsibilities included the investigations of street gangs, narcotics distribution, firearms violations, robbery, and home invasions.

- 3. This affidavit is intended to show merely that there is sufficient probable cause for the requested warrant and does not set forth all of my knowledge about this matter.
- 4. Based on my training and experience and the facts as set forth in this affidavit, there is probable cause to believe that violations of 18 U.S.C. § 844(i) (arson), 26 U.S.C. § 5861(c), 5822, 5845, and 5871 (possession of a destructive device), and 18 U.S.C. § 844(n) and 844(i) (conspiracy to commit arson), have been committed by unknown persons. There is also probable cause to search the information described in Attachment A for evidence of these crimes further described in Attachment B.

JURISDICTION

5. This Court has jurisdiction to issue the requested warrant because it is "a court of competent jurisdiction" as defined by 18 U.S.C. § 2711. Specifically, the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Wisconsin is "a district court of the United States that has jurisdiction over the offense being investigated." 18 U.S.C. § 2711(3)(A)(i).

BACKGROUND RELATING TO GOOGLE AND RELEVANT TECHNOLOGY

6. Based on my training and experience, I know that cellular devices, such as mobile telephones, are wireless devices that enable their users to send or receive wire and/or electronic communications using the networks provided by cellular service providers. Using cellular networks, users of many cellular devices can send and receive communications over the Internet.

- Talso know that many devices, including but not limited to cellular devices, have the ability to connect to wireless Internet ("wi-fi") access points if the user enables wi-fi connectivity. These devices can, in such cases, enable their users to send or receive wire and/or electronic communications via the wi-fi network. A tablet such as an iPad is an example of a device that may not have cellular service but that could connect to the Internet via wi-fi. Wi-fi access points, such as those created through the use of a router and offered in places like homes, hotels, airports, and coffee shops, are identified by a service set identifier ("SSID") that functions as the name of the wi-fi network. In general, devices with wi-fi capability routinely scan their environment to determine what wi-fi access points are within range and will display the names of networks within range under the device's wi-fi settings.
- 8. Based on my training and experience, I also know that many devices, including many cellular and mobile devices, feature Bluetooth functionality. Bluetooth allows for short-range wireless connections between devices, such as between a device such as a cellular phone or tablet and Bluetooth-enabled headphones. Bluetooth uses radio waves to allow the devices to exchange information. When Bluetooth is enabled, a device routinely scans its environment to identify Bluetooth devices, which emit beacons that can be detected by devices within the Bluetooth device's transmission range, to which it might connect.
- 9. Based on my training and experience, I also know that many cellular devices, such as mobile telephones, include global positioning system ("GPS") technology. Using this technology, the device can determine its precise geographical coordinates. If permitted by the user, this information is often used by apps installed on a device as part of the apps' operation.
- 10. Based on my training and experience, I know Google is a company that, among other things, offers an operating system ("OS") for mobile devices, including cellular phones,

known as Android. Nearly every device using the Android operating system has an associated Google account, and users are prompted to add a Google account when they first turn on a new Android device.

- 11. In addition, based on my training and experience, I know that Google offers numerous apps and online-based services, including messaging and calling (*e.g.*, Gmail, Hangouts, Duo, Voice), navigation (Maps), search engine (Google Search), and file creation, storage, and sharing (*e.g.*, Drive, Keep, Photos, and YouTube). Many of these services are accessible only to users who have signed in to their Google accounts. An individual can obtain a Google account by registering with Google, and the account identifier typically is in the form of a Gmail address (*e.g.*, example@gmail.com). Other services, such as Maps and YouTube, can be used with limited functionality without the user being signed in to a Google account.
- browser known as Chrome that can be used on both computers and mobile devices. A user has the ability to sign-in to a Google account while using Chrome, which allows the user's bookmarks, browsing history, and other settings to be uploaded to Google and then synced across the various devices on which the subscriber may use the Chrome browsing software, although Chrome can also be used without signing into a Google account. Chrome is not limited to mobile devices running the Android operating system and can also be installed and used on Apple devices and Windows computers, among others.
- 13. Based on my training and experience, I know that, in the context of mobile devices, Google's cloud-based services can be accessed either via the device's Internet browser or via apps offered by Google that have been downloaded onto the device. Google apps exist

for, and can be downloaded to, devices that do not run the Android operating system, such as Apple devices.

- 14. According to my training and experience, as well as open-source materials published by Google, I know that Google offers accountholders a service called "Location History," which authorizes Google, when certain prerequisites are satisfied, to collect and retain a record of the locations where Google calculated a device to be based on information transmitted to Google by the device. That Location History is stored on Google servers, and it is associated with the Google account that is associated with the device. Each accountholder may view their Location History and may delete all or part of it at any time.
- 15. Based on my training and experience, I know that the location information collected by Google and stored within an account's Location History is derived from sources including GPS data and information about the wi-fi access points and Bluetooth beacons within range of the device. Google uses this information to calculate the device's estimated latitude and longitude, which varies in its accuracy depending on the source of the data. Google records the margin of error for its calculation as to the location of a device as a meter radius, referred to by Google as a "maps display radius," for each latitude and longitude point.
- 16. Based on open-source materials published by Google and my training and experience, I know that Location History is not turned on by default. A Google accountholder must opt-in to Location History and must enable location reporting with respect to each specific device and application on which they use their Google account in order for that usage to be recorded in Location History. A Google accountholder can also prevent additional Location History records from being created at any time by turning off the Location History setting for their Google account or by disabling location reporting for a particular device or Google

application. When Location History is enabled, however, Google collects and retains location data for each device with Location Services enabled, associates it with the relevant Google account, and then uses this information for various purposes, including to tailor search results based on the user's location, to determine the user's location when Google Maps is used, and to provide location-based advertising. As noted above, the Google accountholder also has the ability to view and, if desired, delete some or all Location History entries at any time by logging into their Google account or by enabling auto-deletion of their Location History records older than a set number of months.

- 17. Location data, such as the location data in the possession of Google in the form of its users' Location Histories, can assist in a criminal investigation in various ways. As relevant here, I know based on my training and experience that Google has the ability to determine, based on location data collected and retained via the use of Google products as described above, devices that were likely in a particular geographic area during a particular time frame and to determine which Google account(s) those devices are associated with. Among other things, this information can indicate that a Google accountholder was near a given location at a time relevant to the criminal investigation by showing that his/her device reported being there.
- 18. Based on my training and experience, I know that when individuals register with Google for an account, Google asks subscribers to provide certain personal identifying information. Such information can include the subscriber's full name, physical address, telephone numbers and other identifiers, alternative email addresses, and, for paying subscribers, means and source of payment (including any credit or bank account number). In my training and experience, such information may constitute evidence of the crimes under investigation because the information can be used to identify the account's user or users. Based on my training and my

experience, I know that even if subscribers insert false information to conceal their identity, this information often provide clues to their identity, location, or illicit activities.

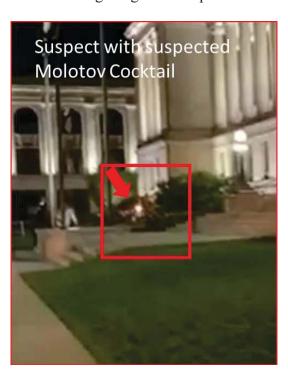
19. Based on my training and experience, I also know that Google typically retains and can provide certain transactional information about the creation and use of each account on its system. This information can include the date on which the account was created, the length of service, records of login (*i.e.*, session) times and durations, the types of service utilized, the status of the account (including whether the account is inactive or closed), the methods used to connect to the account (such as logging into the account via the provider's website), and other log files that reflect usage of the account. In addition, Google often has records of the Internet Protocol address ("IP address") used to register the account and the IP addresses associated with particular logins to the account. Because every device that connects to the Internet must use an IP address, IP address information can help to identify which computers or other devices were used to access the account.

PROBABLE CAUSE

- 20. On August 23, 2020, Jacob Blake was shot multiple times by officers of the Kenosha Police Department. That incident triggered both non-violent protests and violent rioting, including numerous arsons throughout the City of Kenosha. The Government marshaled its resources to investigate various crimes associated with these incidents, including numerous arsons. The ATF's National Response Team processed scenes, collected video evidence, and identified potential subjects.
- 21. In conjunction with other federal, state, and local law enforcement officers, I am conducting an investigation into an arson at the Kenosha County Courthouse, a publicly funded structure, located at 912 56th Street, Kenosha, Wisconsin, on August 24, 2020, and other related crimes.

- 22. I reviewed law enforcement records and found that there were two calls reporting a fire at or near 912 56th Street on August 24, 2020 at 12:07 AM and 12:20 AM.
- 23. Law enforcement officers obtained and reviewed publicly posted video of that incident. One Facebook account—Facebook User "Mia Narane", URL:

 https://www.facebook.com/tennia.lennon -- posted Facebook Live videos, which suggest that the user of this account was present during the fire under investigation. At approximately 12:20 AM on August 24, 2020, Facebook User "Mia Narane" posted: "Courthouse is on fire."
- 24. I also reviewed video posted to Facebook Live by Facebook User "Mercado Media LLC" (https://www.facebook.com/AndrewMercadoMedia/videos/1224698751197783/) of the civil unrest in Kenosha. The Facebook Live video was initiated on August 23, 2020 at 11:07 PM. At approximately 1 hour, 11 minutes, and 23 seconds (or approximately 12:18 AM on August 24, 2020), the video shows an unknown subject holding an ignited object near the Kenosha County Courthouse. Based on my training and experience, this object is consistent with a Molotov cocktail, a container containing an ignitable liquid and an improvised wick.



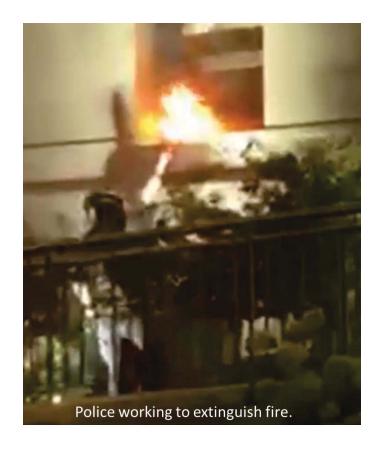
The subject throws the Molotov cocktail against the façade of the courthouse, igniting a fire at approximately 1 hour, 11 minutes, and 24 seconds into the video (or approximately 12:18 AM on August 24, 2020).



At approximately 1 hour, 11 minutes, and 28 seconds into the video (or approximately 12:18 AM on August 24, 2020), two subjects flee the scene.



25. After the subjects flee the scene, the structure continues to burn and a unknown subject can be heard yelling: "Burn that bitch to the ground." Soon thereafter, police arrive and attend to the fire. At approximately 1 hour, 20 minutes, and 23 seconds into the video (or approximately 12:27 AM on August 24, 2020), the police extinguish the fire.



- 26. I submit that there is probable cause to search information that is currently in the possession of Google and that relates to the devices that reported being within the Target Location described in Attachment A during the time-period described in Attachment A for evidence of the crimes under investigation. The information to be searched includes (1) identifiers of each device; (2) the location(s) reported by each device to Google and the associated timestamp; and (3) basic subscriber information for the Google account(s) associated with each device.
- 27. The proposed warrant sets forth a multi-step process whereby the government will obtain the information described above. Specifically, as described in Attachment B.I:
 - a. Using Location History data, Google will identify those devices that it calculated were or could have been (based on the associated margin of error for the estimated latitude/longitude point) within the Target Location described in

Attachment A during the time period described in Attachment A. For each device, Google will provide a anonymized identifier, known as a Reverse Location Obfuscation Identifier ("RLOI"), that Google creates and assigns to device for purposes of responding to this search warrant; Google will also provide each device's location coordinates along with the associated timestamp(s), margin(s) of error for the coordinates (*i.e.*, "maps display radius"), and source(s) from which the location data was derived (*e.g.*, GPS, wi-fi, bluetooth), if available. Google will not, in this step, provide the Google account identifiers (*e.g.*, example@gmail.com) associated with the devices or basic subscriber information for those accounts to the government.

- b. The government will identify to Google the devices appearing on the list produced in step 1 for which it seeks the Google account identifier and basic subscriber information. The government may, at its discretion, identify a subset of the devices.
- c. Google will then disclose to the government the Google account identifier associated with the devices identified by the government, along with basic subscriber information for those accounts.
- 28. This process furthers efficiency and privacy by allowing for the possibility that the government, upon reviewing contextual information for all devices identified by Google, may be able to determine that one or more devices associated with a Google account (and the associated basic subscriber information) are likely to be of heightened evidentiary value and warrant further investigation before the records of other accounts in use in the area are disclosed to the government.

CONCLUSION

- 29. Based on the foregoing, I request that the Court issue the proposed warrant, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 2703(c).
- 30. I further request that the Court direct Google to disclose to the government any information described in Section I of Attachment B that is within its possession, custody, or control. Because the warrant will be served on Google, who will then compile the requested records at a time convenient to it, reasonable cause exists to permit the execution of the requested warrant at any time in the day or night.

ATTACHMENT A

Matter No. 2020R00324

Property To Be Searched

This warrant is directed to Google LLC and applies to:

- (1) Location History data, sourced from information including GPS data and information about visible wi-fi points and Bluetooth beacons transmitted from devices to Google, reflecting devices that Google calculated were or could have been (as indicated by margin of error, *i.e.*, "maps display radius") located within the geographical region bounded by the latitudinal and longitudinal coordinates, dates, and times below ("Initial Search Parameters"); and
- (2) Identifying information for Google Accounts associated with the responsive Location History data.

Initial Search Parameters

- Date: August 24, 2020
- Time Period: 12:00 AM to 12:30 AM (CST)
- Target Location: Geographical area identified as: 42.584619, -87.823304; 42.584831, -87.823357; 42.584941, -87.822442; 42.584740, -87.822414; 42.584619, -87.823304

Also approximately depicted using the following image:



ATTACHMENT B

Particular Items to Be Seized

I. Information to be disclosed by Google

The information described in Attachment A, via the following process:

- 1. Google shall query location history data based on the Initial Search Parameters specified in Attachment A. For each location point recorded within the Initial Search Parameters, and for each location point recorded outside the Initial Search Parameters where the margin of error (*i.e.*, "maps display radius") would permit the device to be located within the Initial Search Parameters, Google shall produce to the government information specifying the corresponding unique device ID, timestamp, location coordinates, display radius, and data source, if available (the "Device List").
- 2. The government shall review the Device List and identify to Google the devices about which it seeks to obtain Google account identifier and basic subscriber information. The government may, at its discretion, identify a subset of the devices.
- 3. Google shall disclose to the government identifying information, as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 2703(c)(2), for the Google Accounts associated with each device ID appearing on the Device List about which the government inquires.

II. Information to Be Seized

All information described above in Section I that constitutes evidence of violations of 18 U.S.C. § 844(i) (arson), 26 U.S.C. §§ 5861(c), 5822, 5845, and 5871 (possession of a destructive device), and 18 U.S.C. §§ 844(n) and 844(i) (conspiracy to commit arson) involving unknown persons.